Clinical management of nausea and vomiting in pregnancy and hyperemesis gravidarum across primary and secondary care: A population-based study

Perceived threats, benefits and barriers of e-cigarette use during pregnancy. A qualitative analysis of risk perception within existing threads in online discussion forums

Prenatal antibiotics exposure and the risk of autism spectrum disorders: A population-based cohort study

The incidence of wound infection and dehiscence following childbirth-related perineal trauma: A systematic review of the evidence

Immunizations during pregnancy: How, when and why

Why it is vital to diagnose fetal alcohol syndrome

The conversation matters: a qualitative study exploring the implementation of alcohol screening and brief interventions in antenatal care in Scotland

Experiences of pregnant women with fetal diagnosis of congenital heart disease

Ask, ‘could it be ICP?’

Cognitive behavioral therapy for postpartum panic disorder: a case series

The role of prenatal stress as a pathway to personality disorder: longitudinal birth cohort study

Nursing interventions for patients with postpartum psychosis hospitalized in a psychiatric mother–baby unit: A qualitative study

Compute risks analysis of intrapartum fetal heart rate patterns and adverse outcomes in the INFANT trial

Computerising the intrapartum continuous cardiotocography does not add to its predictive value FOR: Computer analysis does not add to intrapartum continuous cardiotocography predictive value

Computerising the intrapartum CTG does not add to its predictive value AGAINST: Computerising the intrapartum CTG does add to its predictive value

Postnatal debriefing: women’s need to talk after birth

Managing women in pregnancy after bariatric surgery: the midwife as the co-ordinator of care

Better Births: early findings from North-West London

Effect of relaxation exercise on fasting blood glucose and blood pressure in gestational diabetes

The relationship between interpersonal trauma and substance misuse in pregnancy

What factors influence midwives to provide obstetric high dependency care on the delivery suite or request care be escalated away from the obstetric unit? Findings of a focus group study

Disclaimer: The Clinical Education Centre and The Healthcare Library cannot guarantee the correctness of the information in this bulletin. The information is subject to change and we cannot ensure it will remain up-to-date. It is your responsibility to check accuracy and validity.

Sources: PLoS ONE 14(8); European Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology and Reproductive Biology 240(9); Birth 46(3); BJOG 126 (10, 11); British Journal of Midwifery 27(9); Journal of Psychiatric and Mental Health Nursing 26(7-8); Nursing Children and Young People. 31(5); British Journal of psychiatry; Psychiatry Research 194-198; European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, September; Midwifery, 79; BMC Psychology 7:53; BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth